

B.Sc. Semester - 6 (CBCS) Examination**April/May-2022 (OLD COURSE)****MATHEMATICAL ANALYSIS-2 AND ABSTRACT ALGEBRA -2(CORE)****Time: 2:30 Hours****Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate marks.

QUE. 1 (A) Answer any one out of two.**[7]**

- (1) Show that compact subset of metric space is closed.
- (2) Show that continuous image of connected set is Connected.

(B) Answer any one out of two.**[4]**

- (1) X is metric space and E_1 and E_2 be two connected subsets of X and $E_1 \cap E_2 \neq \emptyset$ then show that $E_1 \cup E_2$ is Connected.
- (2) Show that set of all even integers is countable set.

(C) Answer any one out of two.**[3]**

- (1) Check whether $\mathbb{R} - \{0\}$ is connected. where $\mathbb{R}$ is set of all real numbers.
- (2) Check whether the following subsets of $\mathbb{R}$ are compact.

(i) $\{-1, 0, 3, 4, 12\}$ (ii) $[1, 3] \cap (3, 5)$ (iii) $\{\frac{1}{n} / n \in \mathbb{N}\}$

QUE. 2 (A) Answer any one out of two.**[7]**

- (1) State and prove first shifting theorem and find $L[\sin^3(2t)]$.
- (2) State and prove change the scale property. Using this Property Find $L[t^3 e^{-3t}]$.

(B) Answer any one out of two.**[4]**

- (1) Find : $L^{-1}[\frac{1}{(s^2 + a^2)^2}]$
- (2) Find Laplace transform of
 $f(t) = \sin(t)$ where $0 < t < \pi$
 $= 0$ where $t > \pi$

(C) Answer any one out of two.**[3]**

- (1) Find : $L[x^2 \sin(hx)]$.
- (2) Find : $L^{-1}[\frac{s+7}{s^2 + 2s + 2}]$.

QUE. 3 (A) Answer any one out of two.**[7]**

- (1) Prove that if $L\{f(t)\} = \bar{f}(s)$ then $L[\int_0^t f(u) du] = \frac{1}{s} \bar{f}(s)$. Using this result Find

$$L^{-1}[\frac{s+1}{(s^2 + 4)s^2}].$$

- (2) if $L\{f(t)\} = \bar{f}(s)$ and $\frac{f(t)}{t}$ has laplace transform then prove

That $L\{\frac{f(t)}{t}\} = \int_s^\infty \bar{f}(s) ds$. Using this result Find $L[\frac{\sin(t)}{t}]$.

(B) Answer any one out of two.

[4]

(1) Using convolution theorem Find $L^{-1}\left[\frac{s}{(s+1)(s^2+1)}\right]$.

(2) Find : $L\left[e^{-4t}\int_0^t t \sin(3t)dt\right]$.

(C) Answer any one out of two.

[3]

(1) Find $L[t^n]$ Where n is Non negative integer.

(2) Find : $L^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{s(s-1)}\right]$.

QUE. 4 (A) Answer any one out of two.

[7]

(1) Prove that if $H \leq G$ then $\phi(H) \leq G'$ where $(G,*)$ and $(G',*)'$ be two groups and

$\phi : G \rightarrow G'$ is homomorphism.

(2) If P is prime number then show that Z_p is field.

(B) Answer any one out of two.

[4]

(1) Prove that characteristic of integral domain is either Zero or prime number.

(2) For Non zero polynomial $f(x), g(x) \in D[X]$ show that $[f(x).g(x)] = [f(x)] + [g(x)]$.

(C) Answer any one out of two.

[3]

(1) Illustrate with example of subring of ring which is right ideal but not left ideal.

(2) Find zeros of $f(x) = 4x^2 + 3x + 2 \in Z_5[X]$.

QUE. 5 (A) Answer any one out of two.

[7]

(1) State and prove division algorithm theorem of polynomial.

(2) Show that integral domain $D[X]$ is not field.

(B) Answer any one out of two.

[4]

(1) Show that in $Z_5[X]$, $x^4 + 3x^3 + 2x + 4 = (x-1)^3(x+1)$.

(2) Check whether $f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 + 9$ is irreducible over Q .

(C) Answer any one out of two.

[3]

(1) Find G.C.D. of $f(x), g(x) \in Z_5[X]$. Where $f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 3$ and $g(x) = 4x^3 + 2x^2 + 2x + 2$.

(2) if $a = a_1 + a_2i + a_3j + a_4k$ is non-zero quaternion number then find a^{-1} . Also check whether quaternion set is field.
